

Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety \* Centre canadien d'hygiène et de sécurité au travail

## Industrial Ventilation

# Industrial Ventilation - 8. Troubleshooting

#### On this page

What is covered in this document?

What are some troubleshooting tips for hoods, ducts, air-cleaning devices and fans?

#### What is covered in this document?

This document is part of a series of documents on industrial ventilation, and includes general troubleshooting tips.

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What are some troubleshooting tips for hoods, ducts, aircleaning devices and fans?

Exhaust Hood		
Problems	Possible Cause(s)	
Low Capture Velocity	<ul> <li>Hood located too far away from process or operation generating point.</li> </ul>	
	Cross drafts or turbulence close to hood.	
	Blocked duct work.	
	Fan malfunction.	
	<ul> <li>Increased resistance through air-cleaning equipment.</li> </ul>	
Reduced Face Velocity	<ul> <li>Unauthorized enlargement of the opening of an existing hood. The face velocity at the hood will decrease resulting in the escape of contaminants held back by the original face velocity.</li> </ul>	

Ducts		
Problems	Possible Cause(s)	
Constant Plugging	<ul> <li>Inadequate transport velocity (speed).</li> <li>Flexible ducts used in place of rigid ducts (results in extra friction loss).</li> <li>Condensation of salts.</li> <li>Dented ducts.</li> <li>Elbows with sharp turns.</li> <li>Holes in ducts.</li> <li>Disconnected or broken branch connections.</li> <li>Closed or partially closed dampers (blast gates).</li> <li>Addition of hoods and branches to the system without making adjustments to rebalance the ventilation system.</li> </ul>	

Air Cleaning devices			
Problems	Possible Cause(s)		
Frequent clogging	<ul> <li>Improper filter type and/or installation.</li> <li>Improper bag cleaning cycles.</li> <li>Water intrusion into the filter.</li> <li>Filter hopper not continuously emptied and cleaned.</li> <li>Improper "clean start-up procedure" for new bags.</li> </ul>		
Visible dust in baghouse on the clean air side or in exhaust stack Sudden increase in pressure drop	<ul> <li>Bags installed improperly.</li> <li>Torn or damaged bags.</li> <li>Leakage between bags and housing.</li> <li>General filter fabric failure.</li> <li>Excessive dust loading due to lack of maintenance and scheduled cleaning.</li> </ul>		
Dirty re-circulated air Visible mould or	<ul> <li>Dirty filters.</li> <li>Air bypassing filter section (rip or tears in filter).</li> <li>Dirty air handling cabinet housing.</li> <li>Exhaust stacks placed close to supply air intakes.</li> <li>Drain pans not operating properly.</li> </ul>		
slime	<ul> <li>Drain pans overflowing.</li> </ul>		

	Fan		
Problems	Possible Cause(s)		
Vibration	Out-of-balance fan impeller.		
	<ul> <li>Material on fan blades.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Loose fan housing or foundation bolts.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Fan running backwards.</li> </ul>		
	Vibrating ducts.		
Noise	<ul> <li>Foreign material in fan housing.</li> </ul>		
Insufficient air	Fan running backwards.		
flow	<ul> <li>Fan speed too slow.</li> </ul>		
	• Dirty fan blades.		
	<ul> <li>Actual system has more resistance than designed for.</li> </ul>		
	Dampers closed.		
	Leaks in duct work.		
	<ul> <li>Dirty or clogged filters in air cleaning device.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Obstructed fan inlets causing system effects (No straight duct runs at fan inlet or outlet).</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Fan not getting adequate make-up air.</li> </ul>		
Excessive air flow	Access door open.		
	<ul> <li>Filters not in place or tears in filters.</li> </ul>		
	System resistance low.		
	<ul> <li>Fan speed too fast.</li> </ul>		
Fan does not	Blown fuses.		
operate	Broken belts.		
	Loose pulleys.		
	Electricity turned off .		
	Fan impeller touching housing.		
	<ul> <li>Wrong voltage.</li> </ul>		

Fan
<ul> <li>Motor too small (overload protector had broken circuit).</li> </ul>
Low voltage.
<ul> <li>Fan load too large for motor.</li> </ul>
Seized bearing.

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